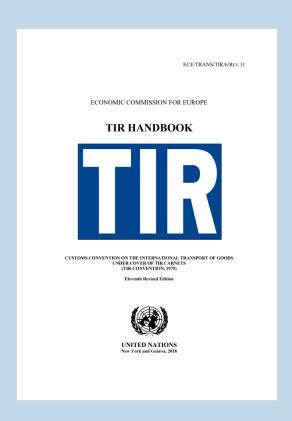


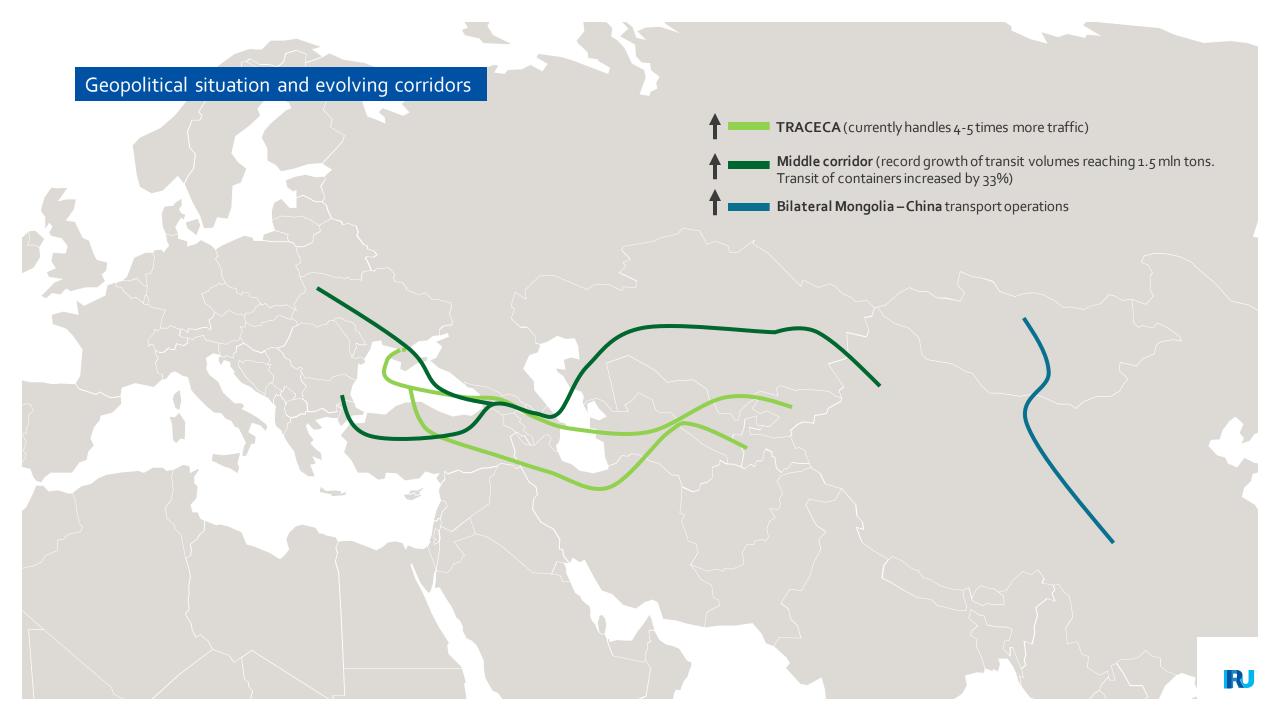
## Progress made under the current VPoA for Landlocked Developing Countries for the Decade 2014-2024

- TIR issuance in Central Asia and Mongolia more than doubled since 2013
- China acceded to TIR in 2016 and became TIR operational in 2018
  - This created more opportunities for Central Asia and Mongolia for developing new routes under TIR
- TIR digitalisation progress in 5 countries of Central Asia
- eTIR implemented in Uzbekistan
- Accession to e-CMR
  - Tajikistan in 2019
  - Uzbekistan in 2020
  - Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan in 2022







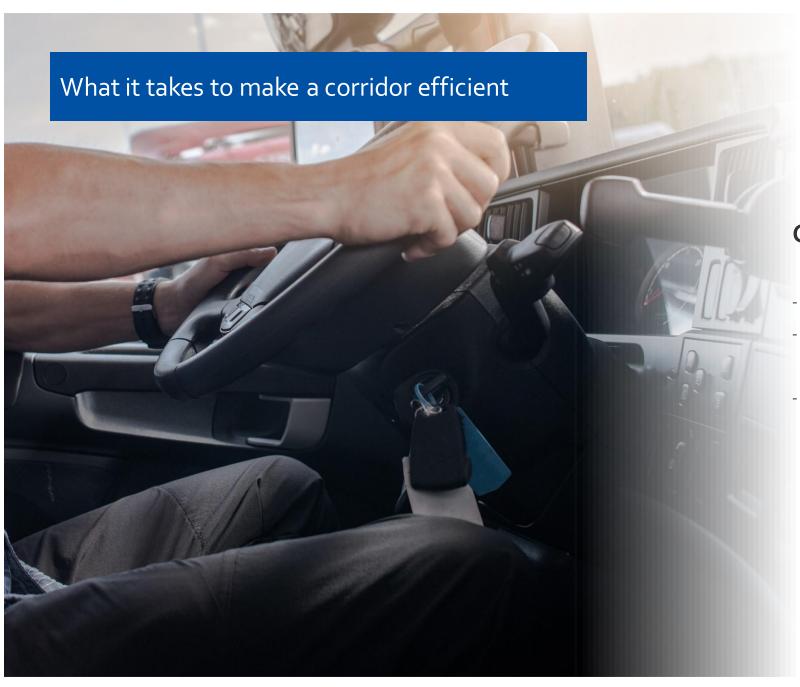


### SUCCESS STORY - UZBEKISTAN

- More than 900 transport companies operating international routes with vehicles not less than Euro-4
- From 2017 to 2022, total fleet engaged in international freight transport increased 4 times
- From 2017 to 2022, growth in transport companies and fleet created
  50,000 new jobs in the country
- Use of TIR increased by 5 times between 2017 and 2022 (from 22,320 in 2017 to 110,340 in 2022)

#### FORMULA OF SUCCESS

- Strong PPP
- Strong support for harmonised instruments, e.g. TIR, CMR
- Digitalisation



## Coordinated approach is needed to:

- Border crossing
- Access rights to cargo and vehicles (permits)
- Visas for drivers



# IRU GREEN COMPACT LEVERS

To do so, we will work on five levers of decarbonization:

